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**UTILITY
PATENT APPLICATION
TRANSMITTAL**

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

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First Named Inventor or Application Identifier

KOJI HATANAKA

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Commissioner for Patents
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Washington, DC 20231**APPLICATION ELEMENTS**

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

ADDRESS TO:1. ☐ Fee Transmittal Form
(Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)6. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)2. ☒ Specification Total Pages **42**7. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission
(if applicable, all necessary)3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 USC 113) Total Sheets **20**a. ☐ Computer Readable Copy4. ☒ Oath or Declaration Total Pages **1**b. ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)a. ☒ Newly executed (original or copy)c. ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copiesb. ☐ Unexecuted for information purposesc. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d))
(for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)
[Note Box 5 below]i. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)
Signed Statement attached deleting inventor(s)
named in the prior application, see 37 CFR
1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).5. ☐ Incorporation By Reference (useable if Box 4c is checked)
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the
oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4c, is considered as being
part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby
incorporated by reference therein.**ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS**8. ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement ☐ Power of Attorney
(when there is an assignee)10. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)11. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS
Citations12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment13. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)
(Should be specifically itemized)14. ☐ Small Entity ☐ Statement filed in prior application
Statement(s) Status still proper and desired15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
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17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No. ____/____**18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS**☒ Customer Number or Bar Code Label

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CLAIMS	(1) FOR	(2) NUMBER FILED	(3) NUMBER EXTRA	(4) RATE	(5) CALCULATIONS
	TOTAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(c))	29-20 =	9	X \$ 18.00 =	\$162.00
	INDEPENDENT CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(b))	6-3 =	3	X \$ 78.00 =	\$234.00
	MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS (if applicable) (37 CFR 1.16(d))			\$260.00 =	\$ 0.00
				BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a))	\$690.00
				Total of above Calculations =	\$1,086.00
	Reduction by 50% for filing by small entity (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).				
	TOTAL =				\$1,086.00

19. Small entity status

- a. ☐ A Small entity statement is enclosed
- b. ☐ A small entity statement was filed in the prior nonprovisional application and such status is still proper and desired.
- c. ☐ Is no longer claimed.

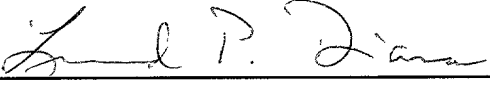
20. ☒ A check in the amount of \$ 1,086.00 to cover the filing fee is enclosed.

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22. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to credit overpayments or charge the following fees to Deposit Account No. 06-1205:

- a. ☒ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.16.
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SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT REQUIRED

NAME	Leonard P. Diana (Reg. No. 29,296)
SIGNATURE	
DATE	August 1, 2000

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

IMAGE PROCESSING APPARATUS, IMAGE PROCESSING METHOD, AND
STORING MEDIUM

5

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

10 The present invention relates to an image processing
apparatus, image processing method, and storing medium for
transferring or capturing images stored in a recording
medium.

Description of the Related Art

15 Hitherto, there have been systems for transferring and
saving images recorded by image recording apparatuses such
as digital cameras and the like to image storing managing
apparatuses capable of storing and managing images such as
PCs or the like.

20 However, the above conventional art has problems such
as the following.

Even in the event that the image stored in the storing
medium is transferred to the apparatus for managing and
storing the image, normally, the image remains on the
storing medium.

25 However, in the event that the user forgets that the

image has been transferred to the apparatus for managing and storing the image, and transfers the image again at a later time, the same image may be doubly managed by the apparatus for managing and storing the image.

5 Also, judgement of whether an image has been transferred or not has been conventionally performed by using attribute information of files such as archive information, but selecting all images not transferred yet at the time of making selection of the image to be transferred
10 on a display screen is extremely troublesome in the event that the number of images to select is great, and this increases with the number of images.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

15 Accordingly, it is an object of the present invention to solve all, or at least one, of the above problems.

 Also, another object of the present invention is to provide an image processing apparatus, an image processing
20 method, and a storing medium, whereby images not transferred can be transferred or captured while preventing multiple transfers of the same image, in a manner handy to the user.

 To this end, an image processing apparatus is disclosed, comprising: reading means for reading a plurality of images
25 from a storing medium along with transfer history

information of images to other apparatuses; and transfer means for transferring images to other apparatuses; wherein the transfer means contains control means having a first mode for making reference to the transfer history

5 information and performing batch transfer of images not transferred to other apparatuses.

Also, another object of the present invention is to provide an image processing apparatus, an image processing method, and a storing medium, capable of flexibly dealing
10 with transfer or capturing of selecting images, besides performing batch transfer or capturing of images not transferred.

To this end, in addition to the above configuration, an image processing apparatus is disclosed, further comprising
15 selecting means for selecting images to be transferred, wherein the control means is capable of arbitrarily switching between a second mode for transferring images selected by the selecting means, and the first mode.

Also, a further object of the present invention is to
20 provide an image processing apparatus, an image processing method, and a storing medium, wherein further ease of use is facilitated by performing display with transfer history taken into consideration.

To this end, in addition to the above configuration, an
25 image processing apparatus is disclosed, further comprising

display means for displaying read images, wherein the display means changes the order of image display, according to the transfer history information.

Also, a further object of the present invention is to
5 provide an image processing apparatus, an image processing method, and a storing medium, wherein ease of effectively using transfer history information is facilitated.

To this end, in addition to the above configuration, an image processing apparatus is disclosed, wherein the
10 transfer history information is recorded in a file separate from the image.

Also, a further object of the present invention is to provide an image processing apparatus, an image processing method, and a storing medium, wherein nonconformity between
15 transfer history information and the stored images is prevented.

To this end, in addition to the above configuration, an image processing apparatus is disclosed, wherein transfer history information corresponding to an image is deleted
20 according to deletion of that image.

Further objects, features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from the following description of the preferred embodiments, with reference to the attached drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a diagram showing the equipment configuration of a first embodiment;

5 Fig. 2 is a system block diagram of the first embodiment;

Fig. 3 is a system block diagram of a digital camera according to the first embodiment;

10 Fig. 4 is an external view of the digital camera according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 5 is a diagram showing a method for storing transfer information history, according to the first embodiment;

15 Fig. 6 is a flowchart showing the operation of the digital camera in the event that an image file is transmitted to a PC, according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 7 is a flowchart showing the operation of the digital camera in the event that a file list is requested, according to the first embodiment;

20 Fig. 8 is a flowchart showing the operation of the digital camera in the event that an image file is transmitted to a PC, according to a second embodiment;

25 Fig. 9 is a flowchart showing the operation of the digital camera in the event that an image file is deleted, according to the second embodiment;

Fig. 10 is a flowchart showing the operation of the digital camera in the event that a file list is requested, according to the second embodiment;

Fig. 11 is a method for displaying the transfer history
5 with the digital camera, according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 12 is a display method for the digital camera in the event of attempting to delete images not transferred, according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 13 is a diagram showing the host application of
10 the digital camera, according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 14 is a diagram showing the camera image display screen with the host application, according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 15 is another diagram showing the camera image
15 display screen with the host application, according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 16 is a display screen with the host application, according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 17 is another display screen with the host
20 application, according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 18 is a setting screen for auto-transfer with the digital camera, according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 19 is a flowchart illustrating the operation of auto-transfer from the digital camera to the host
25 application, according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 20 is a diagram showing the camera image display screen with the host application, according to a third embodiment; and

Fig. 21 is a diagram showing the camera image display screen with the host application, according to the first embodiment.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

10 First Embodiment

Fig. 1 shows a configuration example of a digital camera system including a computer which serves as a platform upon which the present invention can be carried out. In Fig. 1, reference numeral 301 denotes a computer system (PC) main unit, 302 denotes a display for displaying data, 303 denotes a mouse which is a representative pointing device, 304 denotes a mouse button and 305 denotes a keyboard.

Further, reference numeral 307 denotes a digital camera capable of being connected to the computer system, and this is connected via a general-purpose interface capable of transferring data, such as the USB (Universal Serial Bus) 306 or the like.

Fig. 2 is a diagram illustrating the configuration of a digital camera system including the software and hardware of

the computer whereby the present invention can be carried out. In Fig. 2, reference numeral 509 denotes hardware, 505 denotes an operating system which operates on the hardware 509, and 504 denotes application software which runs on the
5 operating system 505.

Note that in this Figure, blocks which are necessary as a matter of course as components making up the hardware 509 and software 505 but are not directly necessary for describing the embodiments of the present invention are not
10 shown.

Examples of such blocks not shown in the Figure include the CPU and memory for hardware, the memory managing system for the operating system, and so forth.

In Fig. 2, reference numeral 515 denotes a hard disk
15 for storing files and data, and 508 denotes a file system making up the operating system, having functions for allowing input and output of files to be performed without the application software directly controlling the hardware.

Reference numeral 514 denotes a disk I/O interface for
20 the file system 508 to read from and write to the hard disk 515.

Reference numeral 507 denotes a drawing management system making up the operating system, having functions for allowing drawing to be performed without the application
25 system directly controlling the hardware.

Reference numeral 513 denotes a video interface for the drawing management system 507 to perform drawing on the display 302.

Reference numeral 506 denotes a input device managing
5 system making up the operating system, having functions for allowing user input to be received without the application software directly controlling the hardware.

The USB host system serving as the host in the event of using USB equipment is also included here.

10 Reference numeral 510 denotes a keyboard interface for the input device managing system 506 to receive input from the keyboard 305, and reference numeral 512 denotes a mouse interface 512 for the input device managing system 506 to receive input from the mouse 303.

15 Further, the digital camera 307 is connected to the USB interface 516, and can exchange image data and the like via the input device management system 510.

Reference numeral 501 denotes a digital camera host application for managing and storing images, and 502 denotes
20 data managing means for managing means using such as the date of creating the image data, date of photography, keyword, and so forth.

Reference numeral 503 denotes data displaying means for displaying the managed image data.

25 Reference numeral 520 denotes data registering means

for automatically judging the attributes of data being registered anew, and registering the data.

With the present system, data transfer is performed with the digital camera by the digital camera host application 501. The transferred image data is stored in the hard disk 515 of the PC by the data managing means 502.

The input/output device command monitoring system 521 monitors commands issued from external devices such as the camera, and performs processes set beforehand by various types of commands.

Fig. 3 shows a block diagram of the configuration of the digital camera 307 according to the embodiment of the present invention, and Fig. 4 shows an external view of the digital camera 307.

Note that in Fig. 3, blocks which are necessary as a matter of course as components but are not directly necessary for describing the embodiments of the present invention are not shown.

In Fig. 3, an imaging unit 401 includes lenses and CCDs, and outputs the photographed image as image data (JPEG data). Also, the imaging unit 401 also creates thumbnail image data, i.e., reduced images of the photographed images, at the same time.

With the digital camera according to the present system, audio can be recorded in addition to taking images, and the

audio is output as recorded data (WAVE format data) from the recording unit 402.

The auxiliary storing device 403 is for saving the data from the imaging unit 401 and the recording unit 402 as
5 files, and the present system uses a compact flash memory card as a detachable recording medium.

Reference numeral 404 denotes an interface for connecting the digital camera and the computer, which is an general-use interface the same as 306, and is connected to
10 the USB port shown in Fig. 2.

The control unit 405 is for controlling the operation of the overall digital camera 307. Changes to file contents with the present invention and so forth are performed here.

Reference numeral 4061 denotes a button switch unit,
15 for transferring the input from the various buttons shown in the external view of Fig. 4, to the control unit 405.

In Fig. 4, reference numeral 3071 denotes a menu button, and pressing this button causes a menu to be displayed on the liquid crystal display screen 3070 for performing
20 various settings for the camera.

The user can change the settings for the digital camera 307 by operating the operating buttons 3072.

The digital camera according to the embodiment of the present invention has functions for automatically
25 transferring images from the digital camera to the host PC,

and the transfer button 406 is used at the time of performing auto-transfer.

Reference numeral 407 denotes a display unit, for displaying image data from the imaging unit on the liquid
5 crystal display screen 3070 of the digital camera, and also menus for performing settings for the digital camera.

First, a first embodiment according to the present invention, for managing file transfer history of the images will be described.

10 With the first embodiment, a field is provided within each image file, for storing information regarding whether or not that file itself has been transferred to the host PC.

Fig. 5 shows the internal configuration of the file according to the present embodiment. As shown in Fig. 5,
15 the image file is generally divided into attached data 41 and image data 42. The attached data 41 contains transfer data 410 and photography data 411.

The transfer data 410 contains transfer history information 4100 indicating whether or not the file has been
20 transferred to a PC or not.

The transfer history information 4100 is set to 1 in the event that the file has been transferred to a PC, and is set to 0 in the event that it has not been transferred.

The photography data 411 includes photography
25 information such as the date and time of photography,

shutter speed, etc., and these are automatically set at the time of photography with the digital camera.

Also, reduced image data is automatically generated by the digital camera by reducing the image size at the time of photography, and this is also included in the photography data. This reduced image data is used for previewing the images, and so forth.

Fig. 6 shows the operation of the digital camera according to the present embodiment transferring image files to the host application.

In the event that the digital camera receives an image request command from the host application, or in the event that image transfer is to be performed from the digital camera to the host application, first, at step 1, the desired image file is transmitted to the PC.

Next, in step 2, the transfer history information 4100 of the transmitted file is checked.

In the event that the transfer history information 4100 is set to 0 (not transferred), the flow proceeds to step 3, and rewrites the transfer history information 4100 for the file to 1 (transferred).

In the event that the transfer history information 4100 is not 0 in step 2, the processing ends here.

Next, description will be made regarding the operation of the digital camera according to the present embodiment in

the event that the digital camera receives a file list request command from the host application, with reference to the flowchart in Fig. 7.

A file list request command is for requesting a list of
5 the path names to all image files stored in the auxiliary storing device of the digital camera.

First, in step 1, the auxiliary storing device of the digital camera is checked, and a list is created of the file paths for each image.

10 Next, in step 2, the transfer information mode is checked.

Here, the transfer information mode is specified as an argument of the file list request command, and specifies whether or not to request the transfer history information
15 for the files, in addition to the path list to the files.

In the event that the transfer information mode is a mode wherein the transfer history information for the files is also necessary, the flow moves to step 3.

Conversely, in the event that the mode only requests
20 the path list to all image files, the file path list created in step 1 is transferred to the host PC in step 6.

In step 3, whether or not the processing from step 4 on has been performed regarding all components of the list created in step 1 is checked, and in the event that there
25 are components remaining, the flow proceeds to step 4.

In step 4, the file is opened and the transfer history information is obtained.

In step 5, the transfer history information obtained in step 4 is added to the list. Thus, the transfer history information for each file is added to the file path list transferred in step 6.

Next, the method of displaying the transfer history information on the liquid crystal screen of the digital camera according to the present embodiment will be described.

10 An example of display on the liquid crystal screen 3070 of the digital camera according to the present embodiment is shown in Fig. 11. Fig. 11 is a display example of an image which has already been captured by an application.

With the present embodiment, a captured mark 2401 is
15 displayed in the upper right corner of the image, in the event that the image has already been captured. Thus, judgement can be made regarding whether each image is being managed by the application or not.

Also, in the event that the user attempts to delete an
20 uncaptured image, i.e., an image not provided with a captured mark, by operating the menu of the digital camera, a warning text such as shown in Fig. 12 is displayed with the digital camera according to the present embodiment.

Thus, uncaptured images, i.e., images not managed by
25 the host application, can be prevented from being carelessly

deleted.

Next, the host application according to the present embodiment will be described.

Fig. 13 shows a display screen of the host application
5 managing and storing the images, which runs on the PC,
according to the present embodiment.

With the present application, as shown in Fig. 13,
images are grouped in units of albums 131, 132, and so forth
and thus managed and displayed.

10 In the event of registering data newly taken with the
camera to an album, the [Camera image] menu 133 is selected,
and the camera image screen 140 shown in Fig. 14 is
displayed.

The camera image display screen is for viewing a list
15 of images stored in the auxiliary storing device of the
camera, and reduced images 148 of the taken images are
displayed.

Incidentally, reduced images are automatically created
separately from the main image, at the time of photography
20 with the digital camera.

The option in the [Display image settings] 142 on the
camera image screen allows setting of either displaying only
images not transferred yet, or displaying all images.

The option in the [Source] 141 is for setting the
25 source of the image to be read in, and sets whether to

display images recorded in the auxiliary storing device of the digital camera connected with a USB cable, or to display images stored in the auxiliary memory of the PC.

Incidentally, the digital camera used in the embodiment of the present invention uses a CF card (compact flash card) as the auxiliary storing device, and so in the event that the CF card is removed from the camera and set in a CF card reader connected to the PC, the option "PC" is selected from the [Source] 142, and the drive appropriated to the CF card reader is selected from the drive selection.

The [Image list] button 143 is for displaying reduced images of the image data take with the digital camera in the reduced image display area 150, according to the settings in the options [Display image settings] and [Source].

In the event that the main images corresponding to the displayed reduced images are to be registered to the album in the host application, and managed and stored, either the reduced image is dragged-and-dropped to the album, or a desired image is selected and then the capture button 144 is selected, whereby the main image is loaded from the auxiliary storing device of the camera or PC to the application, and the image is registered to the album.

In the present embodiment, in the event that [Display image settings] 142 is set to "Only uncaptured images" and the [Image list] 143 button is pressed in this state, the

host application transmits a file list request command to the digital camera with the transfer information mode on.

The list consequently obtained has transfer information added to the path and file name of each of the files, so the application makes reference to the obtained list, sequentially issues reduced image request commands which are commands for obtaining reduced image data to the digital camera for only the images not transferred, and displays the obtained reduced images 148 on the reduced image display area 150, as shown in Fig. 14.

Thus, the images not transferred, inside the digital camera, alone are displayed on the reduced image display area 150.

On the other hand, in the event that the [Display image settings] 142 option is set to "All images", the host application according to the present embodiment attaches transferred marks 151 to the transferred images as shown in Fig. 15, thereby differentiating from the images not transferred.

Accordingly, in this case, following obtaining the file list with the file list request command having the transfer information mode set to on, the list is referred to, reduced image request commands are issued sequentially to the digital camera for all files, thereby obtaining the reduced images.

In the event of displaying these, the transfer information in the file list is referred to, and in the event that the image has been transferred, display thereof is made along with the transferred mark 151 shown in Fig. 15.

5 Thus, whether or not the image files are registered to the host application or not can be easily discerned.

Also, in the event that the Capture all button 145 is pressed in this state, the screen shown in Fig. 16 is displayed, and selection can be made whether to capture all
10 images outside of the main unit corresponding to the displayed reduced images, or to capture only uncaptured images.

Also, in the event of deleting an image in each state, the transfer information of the image is referred to, and in
15 the event that the image is an image not transferred, the screen shown in Fig. 17 is displayed, and a warning message is shown to the user. Thus, images not registered to the host application can be prevented from being carelessly deleted.

20 Incidentally, in the above-described arrangement, selection can be made between capturing all images and capturing images not transferred, but an arrangement may be made with a mode wherein images which the user desires to capture can be selected and only the selected image is
25 captured, so that selection is made with a mode for

capturing images not transferred, thereby allowing the desires of the user to capture only desired images from the images not transferred to be dealt with in a flexible manner.

Next, an embodiment wherein auto-transfer is performed
5 from the camera will be described.

At the point that the camera and the PC are connected, or at the time that the transfer button 406 of the digital camera is pressed with the camera and the PC being connected, the digital camera and host application according to the
10 present embodiment have functions for automatically transferring the image files within the camera to the PC, and automatically recording and managing the image files with the host application on the PC.

Fig. 18 illustrates the manner in which the auto-
15 transfer setting menu of the digital camera is displayed on the liquid crystal screen 3070.

The auto-transfer mode settings 2701 specifies the timing at which auto-transfer is performed, and specifies either the point that the digital camera and the PC are
20 connected via USB cable, or the point that the transfer button 406 of the digital camera is pressed.

The auto-transfer image settings 2702 is for setting the type of image files to be auto-transferred, and specifies whether only images not transferred are to be
25 auto-transferred to the PC, out of the image files stored in

the auxiliary storing device of the digital camera, or whether all images are to be auto-transferred.

Fig. 19 shows the operation of the camera at the time of auto-transfer. The processing in Fig. 19 is executed at
5 the timing specified by the auto-transfer mode settings 2701.

In Fig. 19, first, in step 1, a data transfer start request command is issued from the digital camera to the host PC.

At the host PC, this command causes the input/output
10 device command monitoring system to activate the host application for the digital camera set beforehand.

The host application, upon being properly activated and preparation for data reception being completed, issues a transfer permission command to the digital camera.

15 The digital camera waits at step 2 for this transfer permission command to arrive.

Once this transfer permission command is received, at step 3 the digital camera displays "automatically transferring" on the liquid crystal display screen.

20 In step 4, checking is made regarding whether there are image files existing for which the processing of step 5 on has not been performed.

In the event that there is image data not transferred to the PC yet, the flow proceeds to step 5.

25 In step 5, the processing splits according to the auto-

transfer image settings. In the event that the auto-transfer image settings specifies only images not transferred, the flow proceeds to step 6. On the other hand, in the event that the auto-transfer image settings specifies
5 all images, the flow proceeds to step 7, and the image data is transmitted to the PC.

In step 6, the transfer information of the file to be processed is checked, and in the event that the file has not been transferred, data transfer to the host PC is performed.

10 At this time, the application on the PC which has been activated in step 2 automatically manages and saves the image data from the digital camera.

Once processing for all image data is completed in step 4, a transfer completed command is sent to the PC in step 8.

15 In step 9, "auto-transfer completed" is displayed on the on the liquid crystal screen of the camera, indicating that the series of processing is completed.

Thus, the host application can be prevented from managing one piece of image data doubly, even in the event
20 that auto-transfer from a digital camera is used to automatically record and manage images with a system made up of a digital camera and a host application for storing and managing images.

According to the above configuration, transfer of the
25 same image can be prevented, while at the same time

realizing image transfer of images not transferred in a manner very handy to the user.

Also, this arrangement is provided with a mode wherein the images which the user desires to transfer can be selected, which can be switched over to and from a mode wherein all images not transferred can be batch transferred, so even in the event that there are images in the images not transferred regarding which the user does not desire transfer of, this can be dealt with sufficiently.

Further, display of only images not transferred can be performed as well, so even in the event that there are many images already transferred stored in the storing medium, only the images to be transferred can be easily recognized.

Incidentally, generally, the computation processing capabilities of the host computer exceed the computation processing capabilities of the digital camera, so the image capturing with the internal computation processing of the host computer is fast, but even in the event that computation processing of some sort is being performed, control can be made from the digital camera to transfer the images to the host computer, which increases the load on the digital camera but also reduces the load on the host computer.

That is to say, the computation processing capabilities of the camera can be used to facilitate ease of transfer of

images to the host computer.

Second Embodiment

With the second embodiment, a transfer history managing file for managing whether each image file has been

5 transferred or not is created separately from the image files, thereby centrally managing the transfer history information of all files.

The equipment configuration according to the present embodiment does not differ in particular from that in the
10 first embodiment.

With the present embodiment, once an image is transferred from the camera to the host PC, the path and file name of that file are added to the transfer history managing file. That is to say, the transfer history
15 managing file has the path name of the transferred file.

Fig. 8 shows the operation of the digital camera at the time of transferring an image file from the digital camera to the host application, according to the present embodiment.

In the event that the digital camera receives an image
20 request command from the host application, or in the event that image transfer is to be performed from the digital camera to the host application, first, in step 1, the desired image file is transferred to the PC.

Next, in step 2, the transfer history managing file is
25 checked. In the event that the path name of the file

transferred in step 1 does not exist in the transfer history managing file, the flow proceeds to step 3, and adds the path name of the transferred file to the transfer history managing file.

5 Next, the transfer history managing file is checked in step 2.

In the event that the path name already exists in the transfer history managing file, the processing ends here.

Also, with the present embodiment, there is the need to
10 check the transfer history managing file in the case that an image has been deleted as well, and update as necessary.

That is because, in the event that a new file is added with the same file name following deletion of the file which has the path thereof described in the transfer history
15 managing file, there will be problems in that the file is in the transfer history managing file even though not transferred yet.

In order to prevent this, with the present embodiment, the operation shown in Fig. 9 is performed at the time of
20 deleting images.

In step 1 in Fig. 9, a desired image is deleted, and in step 2, a check is made to see whether or not the path of the deleted file exists in the transfer history managing file.

25 In the event that the path is described therein, the

flow proceeds to step 3, and the contents of the transfer history managing file are changed in order to delete the path name of the deleted file.

Next, the operation of the camera at the point that the digital camera receives a file list request command from the host application according to the second embodiment will be described with reference to the flowchart shown in Fig. 10.

First, in step 1, a check is performed within the auxiliary storing device of the camera, and a path list is created for all image files.

Next, in step 2, the transfer information mode is checked. In the event that the transfer information mode is a mode which requires transfer history information as well, the flow proceeds to step 3. Otherwise, i.e., in the event that the request is only for a path list to all image files, the file path list created in step 1 is transferred to the host PC in step 7.

In step 3, a check is made of the items in the list created in step 1, regarding whether the processing of step 4 on has been performed, and in the event that there are items remaining, the flow proceeds to step 4. In step 4, reference is made to the transfer history managing file, to check whether the same file path as an item in the list exists therein.

In the event that the same path is discovered,

"Transferred" is added in step 5 as corresponding file information in the file path list created in step 1. On the other hand, in the event that the same file path is not discovered in step 4, "Not transferred" is added to the file path list. Thus, file transfer information is added to the file path list transferred in step 7.

As described above, the transfer history information is managed with a file separate from the image data, so that the transfer history information can be obtained by checking the file storing the transfer history information without checking all images stored in the storing medium, as shown in Fig. 10, thereby improving the speed of processing.

Incidentally, an arrangement may be made wherein the file paths of all images stored in the storing medium are stored in the transfer history managing file, and the image transfer history information is updated and managed each time a transfer operation is made, whereby operations which make reference to the transfer history such as capturing transferred images or finding out the file path list for images not transferred, can be performed speedily.

Third Embodiment

Another display form on the camera display screen with the host application will be described according to the present embodiment.

The equipment configuration according to the present

embodiment does not differ in particular from that in the first embodiment.

Fig. 20 shows the camera image screen of the different display format.

5 With the present display format, reduced images are displayed in the reduced image display area 2001, in order of old photography dates to recent photography dates, from the left to the right.

10 In the event of displaying reduced images of even older or newer photography dates, the scroll box 2003 of the scroll bar 2002 is moved, or the scroll box moving button 2004 is pressed, thereby scrolling the reduced images displayed in the reduced image display area 2001.

15 With the present embodiment, in the event that the reduced image display button is pressed in the state of the display images settings set to "All images", the initial state of the reduced image display area 2001 is set to a state wherein the reduced image 2007 corresponding to the oldest image in the camera not transferred is displayed at
20 the leftmost portion of the reduced image display area, i.e., automatically scrolled to that position.

That is to say, all images which should be located to the left of the reduced image 2007 are images which have already been captured.

25 For example, Fig. 21 shows an example wherein the

scroll box 2003 is moved to the left from the state shown in Fig. 20 so that older images are displayed in the reduced image display area.

Looking at Fig. 21, we can see that all images
5 displayed to the left of the reduced image 2007, i.e., older than the reduced image 2007, have the captured mark 2008 attached thereto.

Thus, scrolling the initial state so that an uncaptured reduced image comes to the top of the display area reduces
10 the trouble of searching for uncaptured images, even in the event that all images are displayed.

As described above, making reference to the transfer history information and changing the display order of the images on the display screen yields advantages such as
15 facilitating ease of searching for only images not transferred.

It is needless to say that the present invention can be applied to both cases wherein images are transferred and cases wherein images are captured. That is to say, in the
20 event that the computer and digital camera are connected as with the embodiments, either device may be the transferring side or capturing side. Further, ether device may be used for executing the transferring and capturing operations for the images.

25 Incidentally, in the embodiments, a transferred mark is

attached to the transferred images and displayed, but the present invention is not restricted to such; rather, a mark may be attached to the images not transferred to indicate that the images have not been transferred.

5 Also, transferred images and images not transferred may be differentiated and displayed in separate areas.

Incidentally, the present invention may be applied to a system made up of multiple pieces of equipment (e.g., a host computer, interface device, reader, printer, etc.) or to an
10 apparatus made up of a single piece of equipment (e.g., a photocopier, facsimile apparatus, etc.).

Also, an arrangement wherein software program code for realizing the functions of the embodiments is supplied to a device or a computer in the system connected to the device
15 so as to operate the devices so as to realizing the functions of the above-described embodiments, and the devices are operated according to the programs stored in the computer of the system or the device (i.e., a CPU or MPU), is within the scope of the present invention.

20 Also, in this case, the software program code itself realizes the functions of the embodiments, and the program code itself, and means for supplying the program code to the computer, such as a storing medium for storing the program code, make up the present invention.

25 Examples of storing mediums which can be used for

storing the program code include floppy disks, hard disks, optical disks, magneto-optical disks, CD-ROMs, magnetic tape, non-volatile memory cards, ROM, and so forth.

Also, it is needless to say that not only in the event
5 the computer executing the supplied program code realizes the functions of the above embodiments, but also in the event that the program code operates in cooperation with the operating system running on the computer or in cooperation with other application software or the like so that the
10 functions of the above embodiments are realized, the program code is included in the embodiments of the present invention.

Further, it is needless to say that the scope of the present invention also encompasses arrangements wherein the supplied program code is stored in memory provided to
15 function expansion boards of the computer or to function expansion units connected to the computer, following which a CPU or the like provided to the function expansion boards or function storing units performs all or part of the actual processing based on instructions of the program code, so as
20 to realize the functions of the above embodiments.

As described above, according to the present invention, images not transferred can be transferred or captured in batch, so an image processing apparatus, image processing method, and storing medium can be provided wherein transfer
25 or capture of the same image is prevented, and at the same

time is very handy for the user.

Also, switching can be arbitrarily performed between a mode wherein images which the user desires to transfer or capture are selected and the selected images are transferred or captured, and a mode wherein batch transfer or capture is performed for images not transferred to other apparatuses, so transferring or capturing of selecting images can be dealt with in a flexible manner.

Also, the order of displaying images can be changed according to the transfer history information, so display can be performed taking the transfer history into consideration. For example, transferred images may be all displayed, images not transferred may be all displayed, and so forth.

Thus, for example, ease of selecting the images to be further transferred from the images not transferred can be facilitated, confirmation can be made of only transferred images, and so forth.

Also, displaying only images not transferred facilitates ease of recognizing images not transferred. Thus, for example, ease of selecting the images to be further transferred from the images not transferred, can be facilitated.

Also, the transfer history information is recorded in a file separate from the image, thereby allowing only transfer

history information to be obtained speedily.

Also, transfer history information corresponding to an image to be deleted is deleted according to deletion of the image, so situations can be prevented wherein the data of images already deleted remains in the file storing the transfer history information. That is, situations can be prevented wherein the transfer history information and the stored images do not match at the time of reading actual images using the transfer history.

While the present invention has been described with reference to what are presently considered to be the preferred embodiments, it is to be understood that the invention is not limited to the disclosed embodiments. On the contrary, the invention is intended to cover various modifications and equivalent arrangements included within the spirit and scope of the appended claims. The scope of the following claims is to be accorded the broadest interpretation so as to encompass all such modifications and equivalent structures and functions.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An image processing apparatus, comprising:
reading means for reading a plurality of images from a
storing medium along with transfer history information of
images to other apparatuses; and

transfer means for transferring images to other
apparatuses;

wherein said transfer means contains control means
having a first mode for making reference to said transfer
history information and performing batch transfer of images
not transferred to other apparatuses.

2. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 1,
further comprising selecting means for selecting images to
be transferred;

wherein said control means is capable of arbitrarily
switching between:

a second mode for transferring images selected by
said selecting means; and

said first mode.

3. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 1,
further comprising display means for displaying read images,
wherein said display means changes the order of image

display, according to said transfer history information.

4. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 1, wherein said display means displays only images not transferred, according to said transfer history information.

5. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 1, wherein said transfer history information is recorded in a file separate from the image.

6. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 1, wherein, in the event that transfer history information of an image to be deleted exists in a file storing said transfer history information, the transfer history information corresponding to that image is deleted according to deletion of said image to be deleted.

7. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 1, further comprising:

imaging means; and

recording means for recording images taken by said imaging means on said storing medium.

8. An image processing apparatus, comprising:

reading means for reading transfer history information

of images to other apparatuses from a storing medium; and
capturing means for capturing images from said storing
medium;

wherein said capturing means contains control means
having a first mode for making reference to said transfer
history information and performing batch capturing of images
not transferred to other apparatuses.

9. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 8,
further comprising further comprising selecting means for
arbitrarily selecting images to be captured;

wherein said control means is capable of arbitrarily
switching between:

a second mode for capturing images selected by said
selecting means; and

said first mode.

10. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 8,
further comprising display means for displaying read images,
wherein said display means sets the order of image display
in an order according to said transfer history information.

11. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 8,
wherein said display means displays only images not
transferred, according to said transfer history information.

12. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 8, wherein said transfer history information is recorded in a file separate from the image.

13. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 8, wherein, in the event that transfer history information of an image to be deleted exists in a file storing said transfer history information, the transfer history information corresponding to that image is deleted according to deletion of said image to be deleted.

14. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 8, wherein said image processing apparatus is a host computer.

15. An image processing method, comprising:

a reading step for reading a plurality of images from a storing medium along with transfer history information of images to other apparatuses; and

a transfer step for transferring images to other apparatuses;

wherein said transfer step contains a control step having a first mode for making reference to said transfer history information and performing batch transfer of images not transferred to other apparatuses.

16. An image processing method according to Claim 15, further comprising a selecting step for selecting images to be transferred;

wherein said control step is capable of arbitrarily switching between:

a second mode for transferring images selected in said selecting step; and

said first mode.

17. An image processing method according to Claim 15, further comprising a display step for displaying read images, wherein said display step changes the order of image display, according to said transfer history information.

18. An image processing method according to Claim 15, wherein said display step displays only images not transferred, according to said transfer history information.

19. An image processing method according to Claim 15, wherein said transfer history information is recorded in a file separate from the image.

20. An image processing method according to Claim 15, wherein, in the event that transfer history information of

an image to be deleted exists in a file storing said transfer history information, the transfer history information corresponding to that image is deleted according to deletion of said image to be deleted.

21. An image processing method according to Claim 15, further comprising:

an imaging step; and
a recording step for recording images taken in said imaging step on said storing medium.

22. An image processing method, comprising:
a reading step for reading transfer history information of images to other apparatuses from a storing medium; and
a capturing step for capturing images from said storing medium;

wherein said capturing step contains a control step having a first mode for making reference to said transfer history information and performing batch capturing of images not transferred to other apparatuses.

23. An image processing method according to Claim 22, further comprising further comprising a selecting step for arbitrarily selecting images to be captured;

wherein said control step is capable of arbitrarily

switching between:

a second mode for capturing images selected in said selecting step; and
said first mode.

24. An image processing method according to Claim 22, further comprising a display step for displaying read images, wherein said display step sets the order of image display in an order according to said transfer history information.

25. An image processing method according to Claim 22, wherein said display step displays only images not transferred, according to said transfer history information.

26. An image processing method according to Claim 22, wherein said transfer history information is recorded in a file separate from the image.

27. An image processing method according to Claim 22, wherein, in the event that transfer history information of an image to be deleted exists in a file storing said transfer history information, the transfer history information corresponding to that image is deleted according to deletion of said image to be deleted.

28. A storing medium, storing computer-readable programs for realizing

an image processing method, comprising:

a reading step for reading a plurality of images from a storing medium along with transfer history information of images to other apparatuses; and

a transfer step for transferring images to other apparatuses;

wherein said transfer step contains a control step having a first mode for making reference to said transfer history information and performing batch transfer of images not transferred to other apparatuses.

29. A storing medium, storing computer-readable programs for realizing

an image processing method , comprising:

a reading step for reading transfer history information of images to other apparatuses from a storing medium; and

a capturing step for capturing images from said storing medium;

wherein said capturing step contains a control step having a first mode for making reference to said transfer history information and performing batch capturing of images not transferred to other apparatuses.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

Transfer history information of images to other apparatus is read out from a storing medium, reference is made to the transfer history information at the time of transferring images to other apparatuses or capturing images from other apparatuses, and images not transferred to other apparatus can be transferred or captured in batch fashion, thereby solving the problem in the conventionally-known art for displaying or recognizing transferred images, in that selecting all images not transferred yet at the time of making selection of the images to be transferred on a display screen has been extremely troublesome in the event that the number of images to select is great and that this increases with the number of images.

FIG. 1

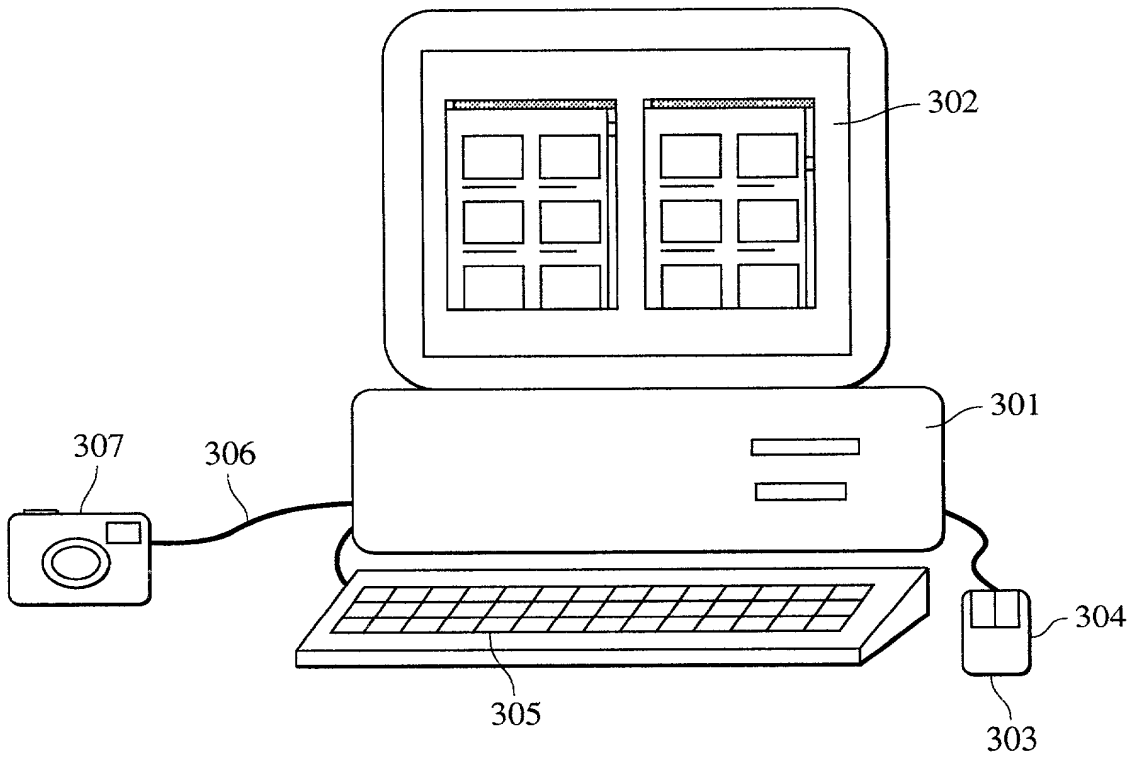


FIG. 2

501

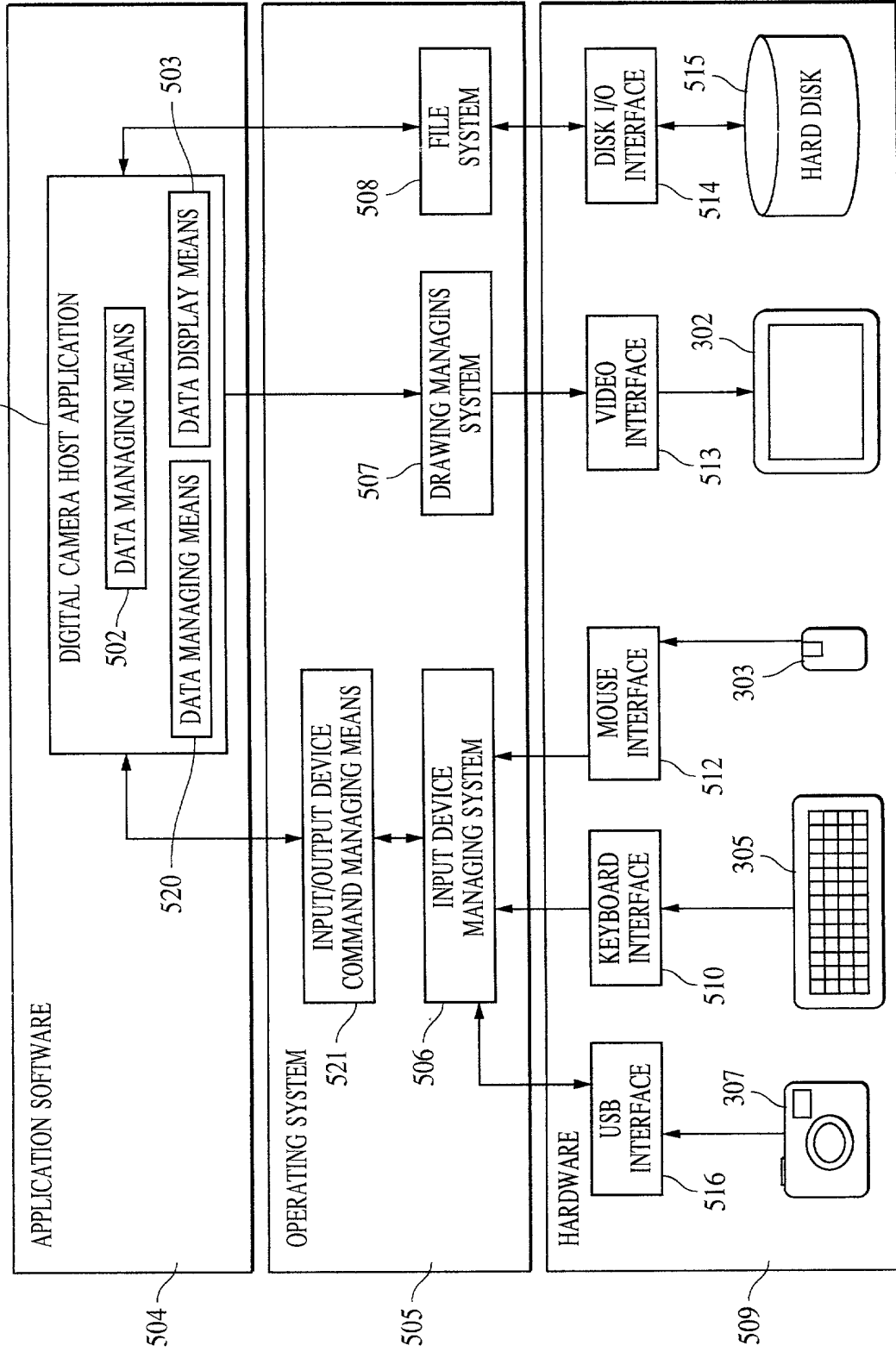


FIG. 3

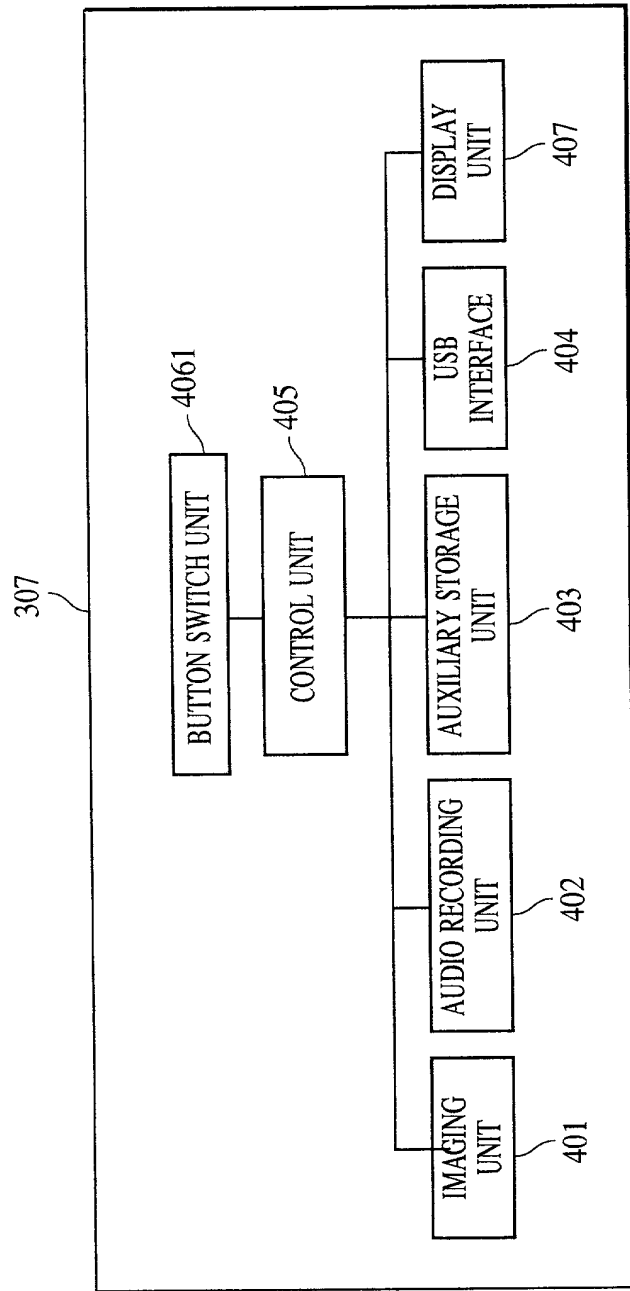


FIG. 4

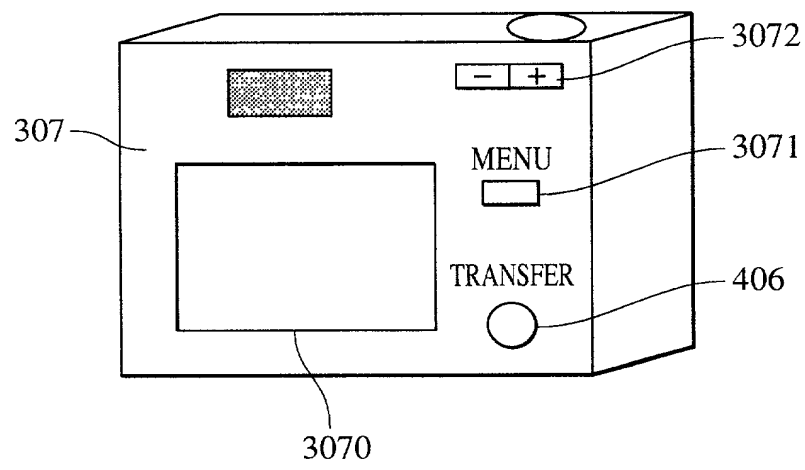


FIG. 5

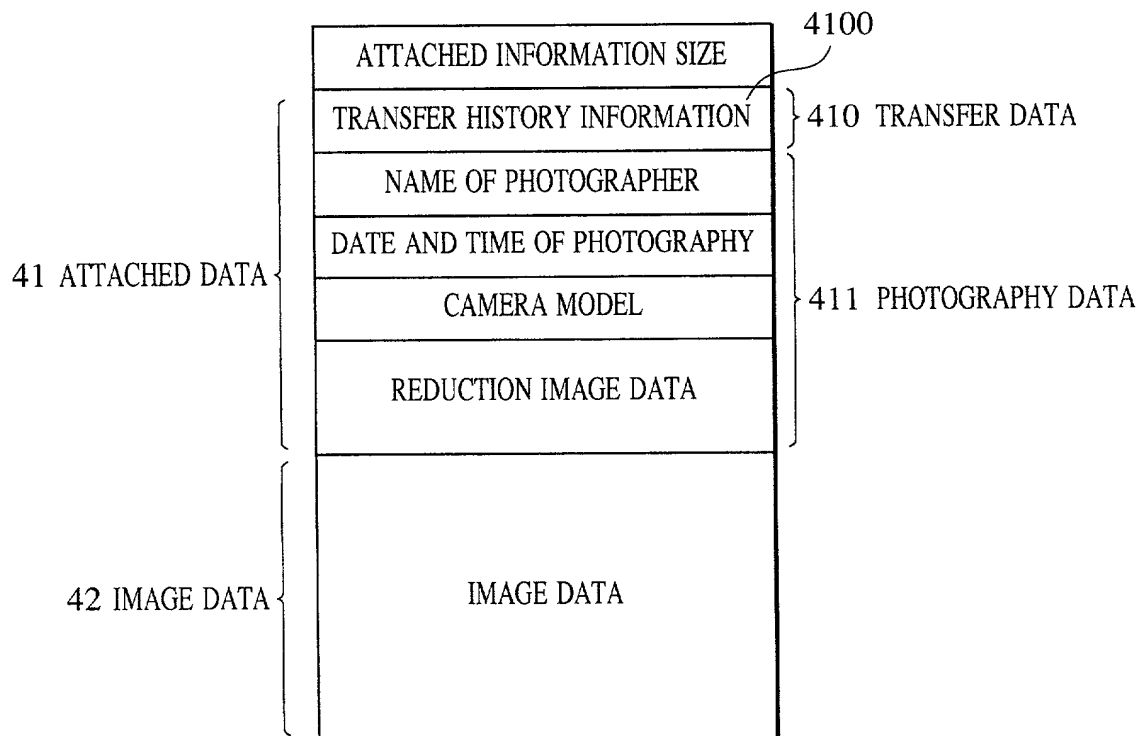


FIG. 6

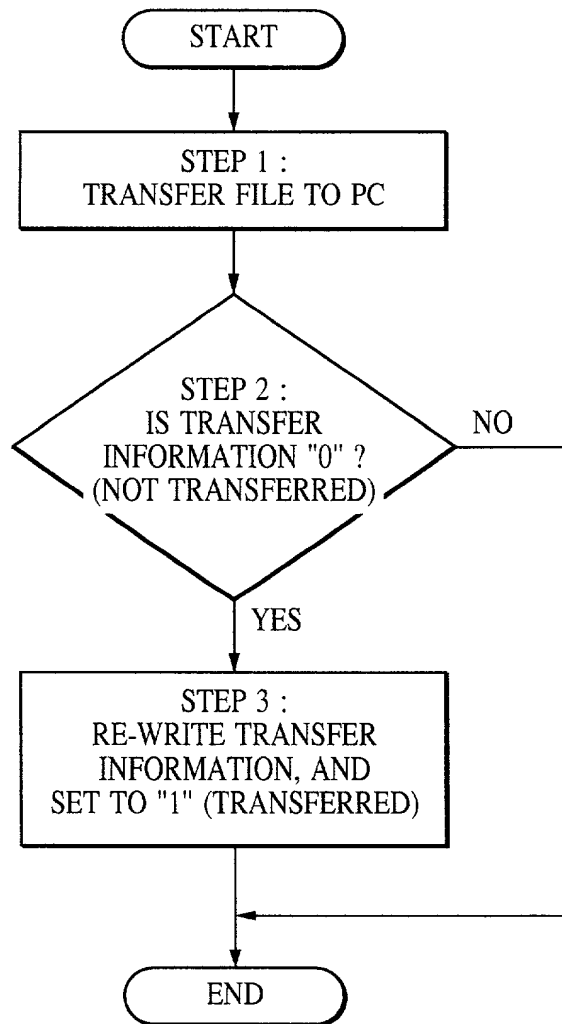


FIG. 7

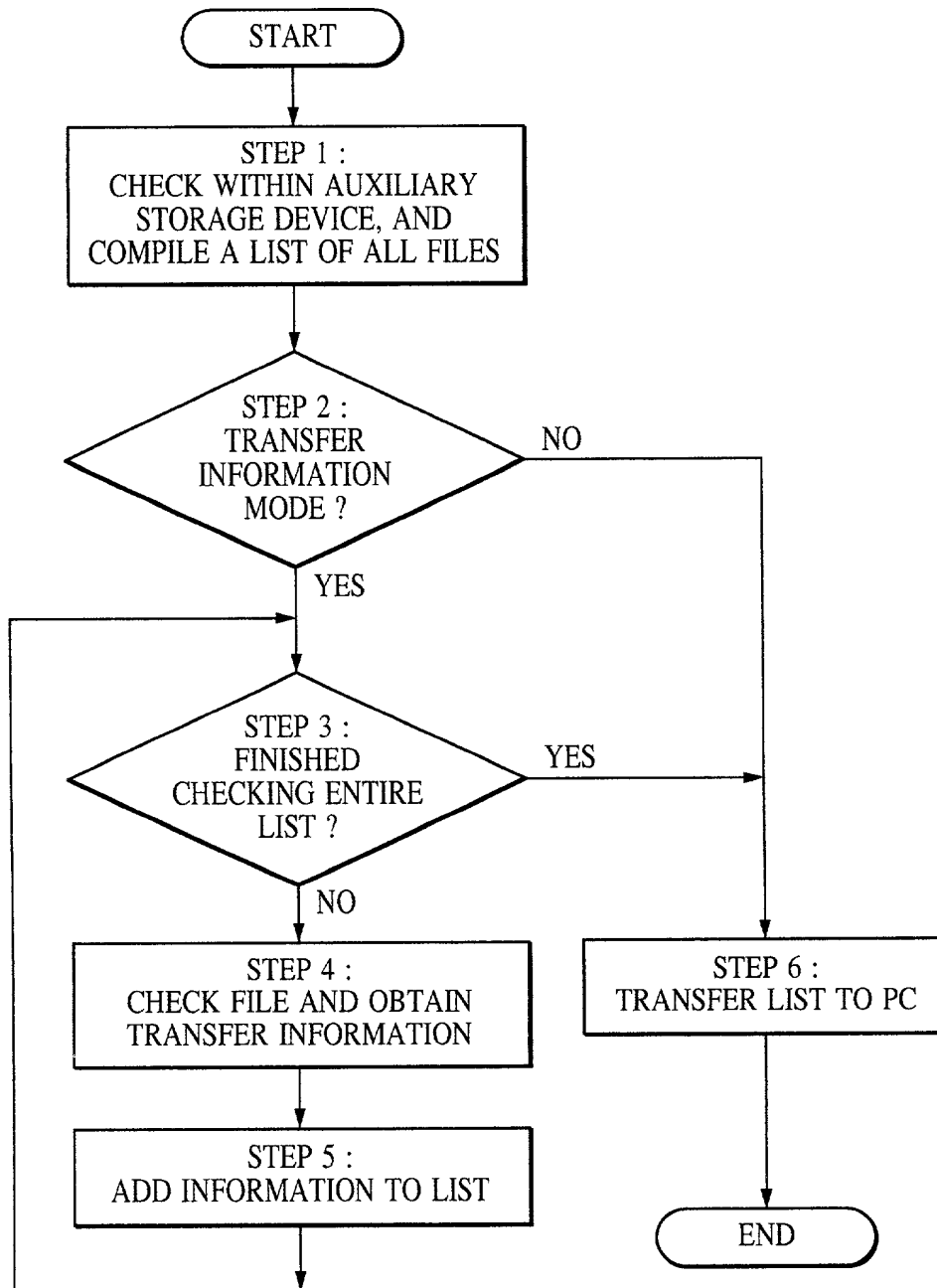


FIG. 8

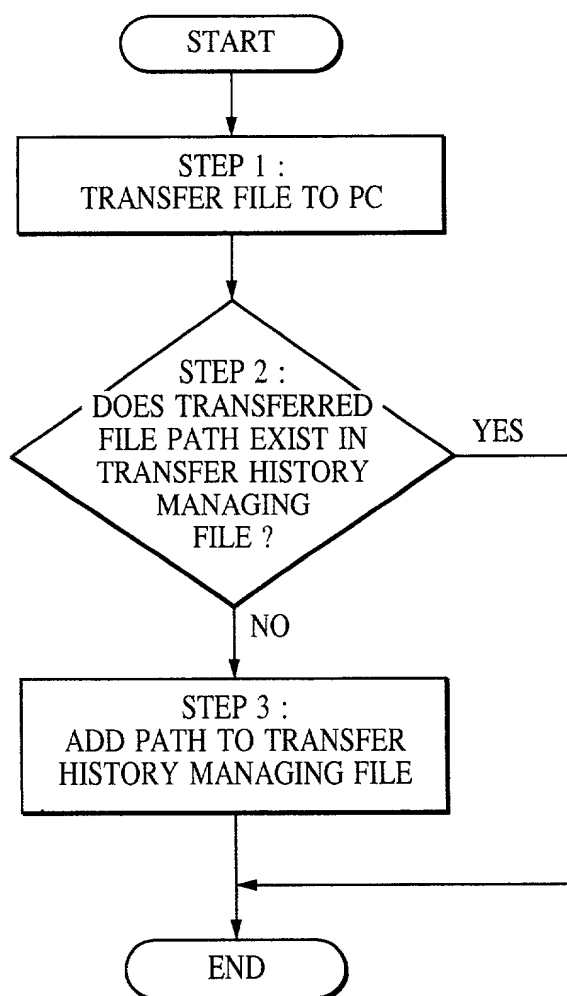


FIG. 9

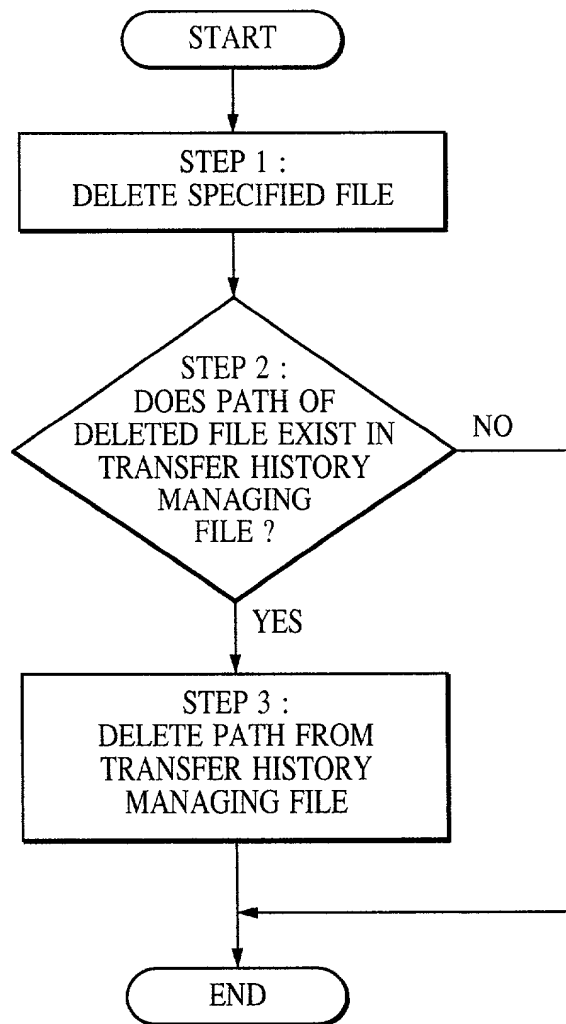


FIG. 10

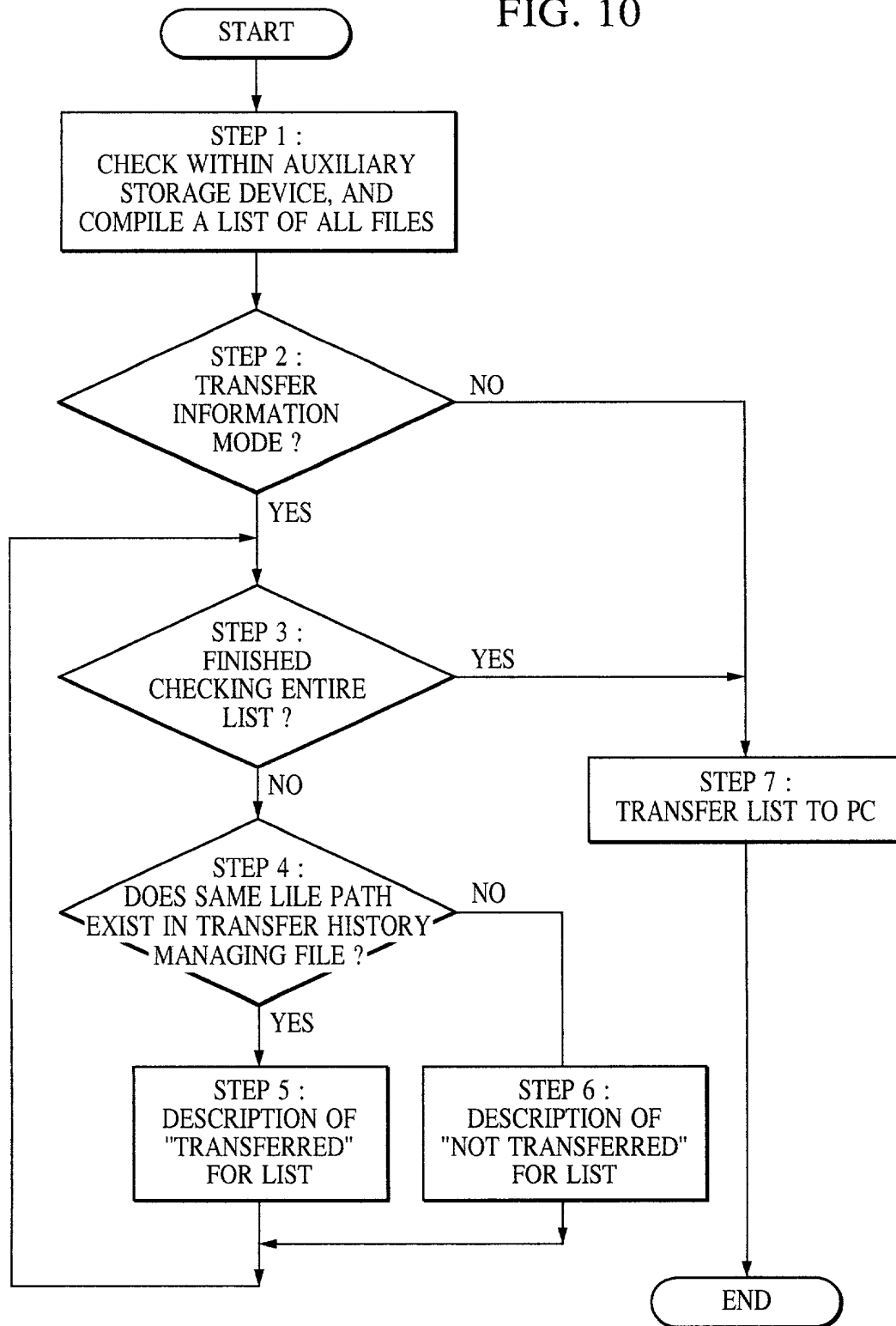


FIG. 11

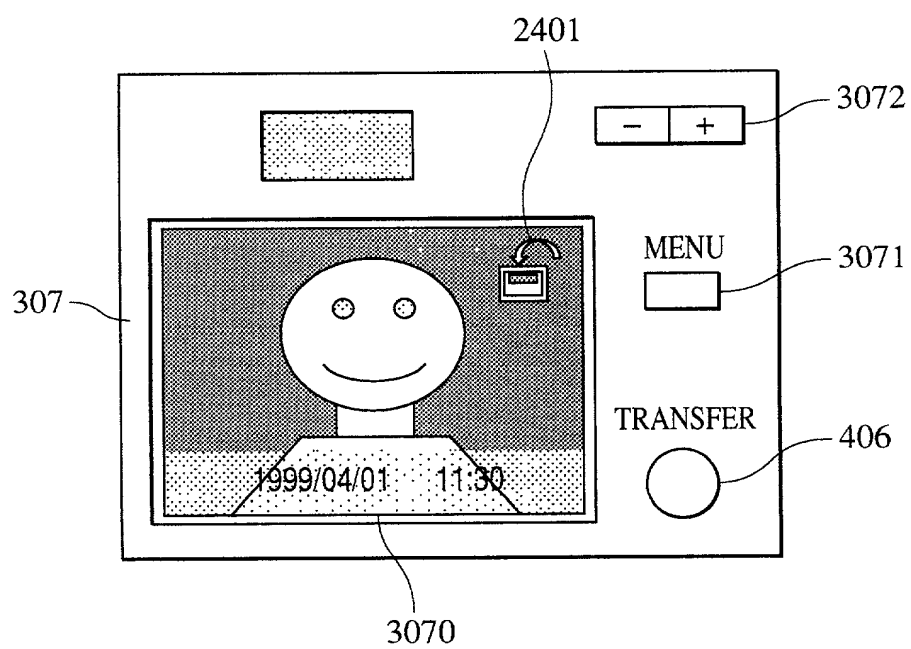


FIG. 12

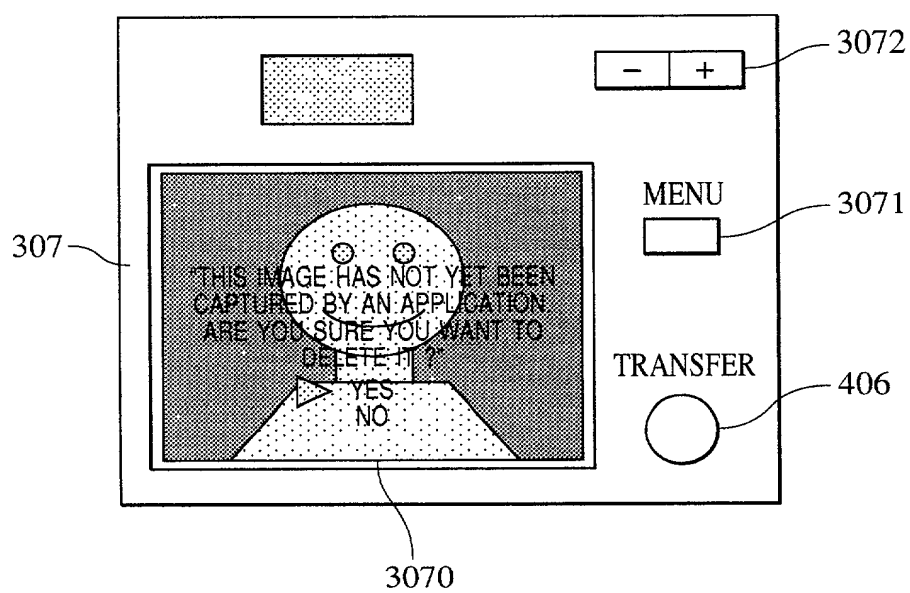


FIG. 13

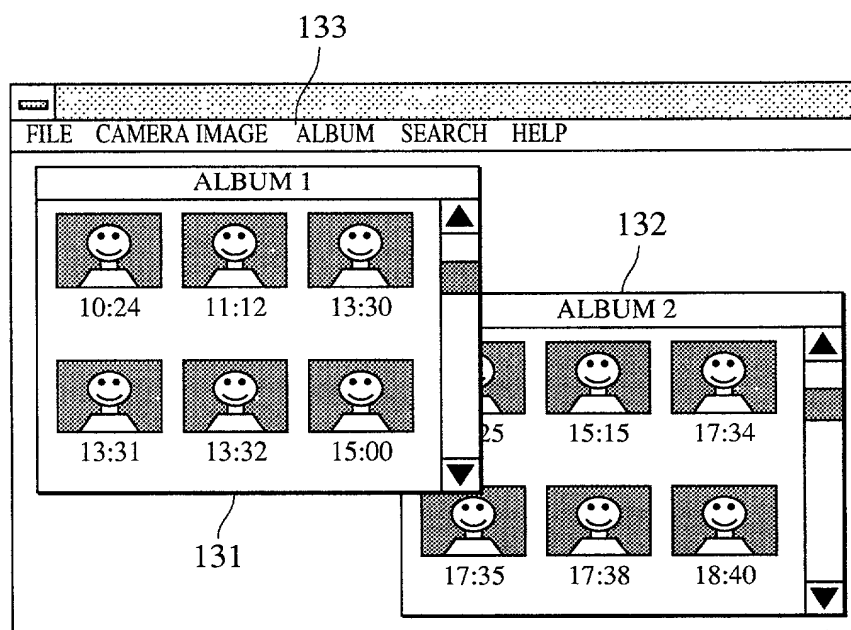


FIG. 14

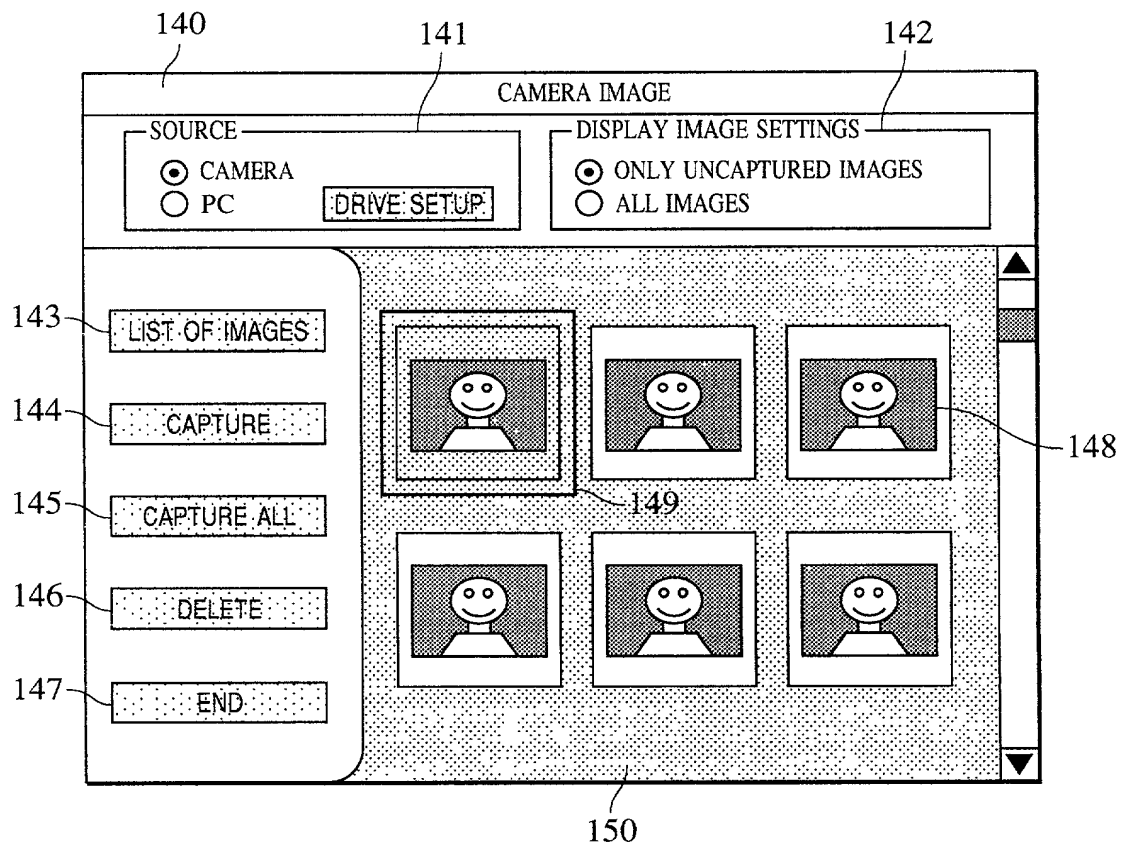


FIG. 15

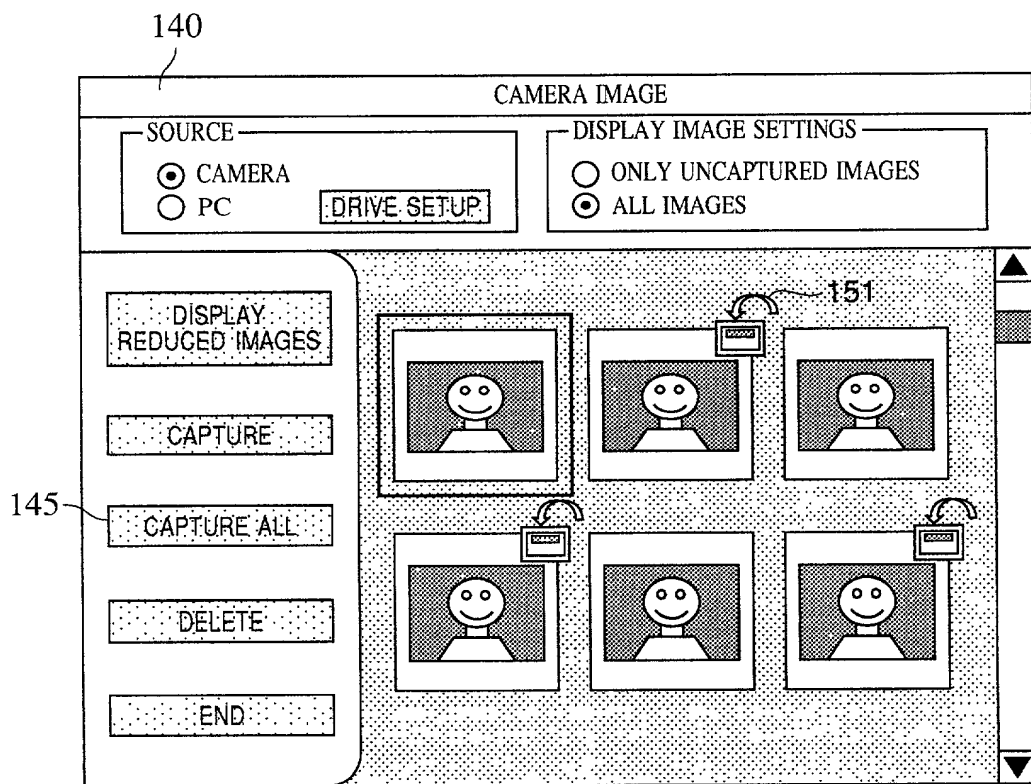


FIG. 16

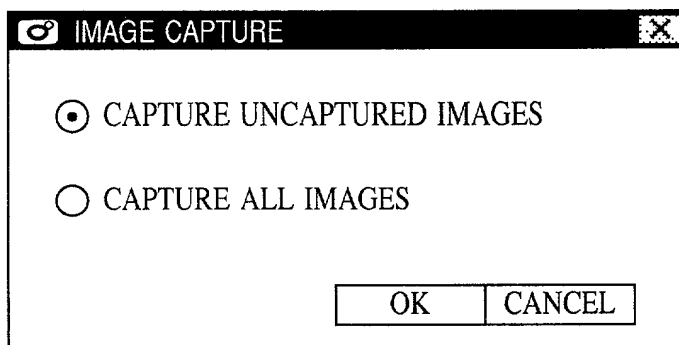


FIG. 17

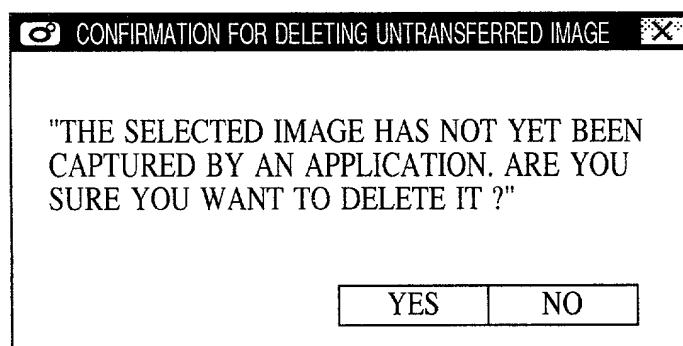


FIG. 18

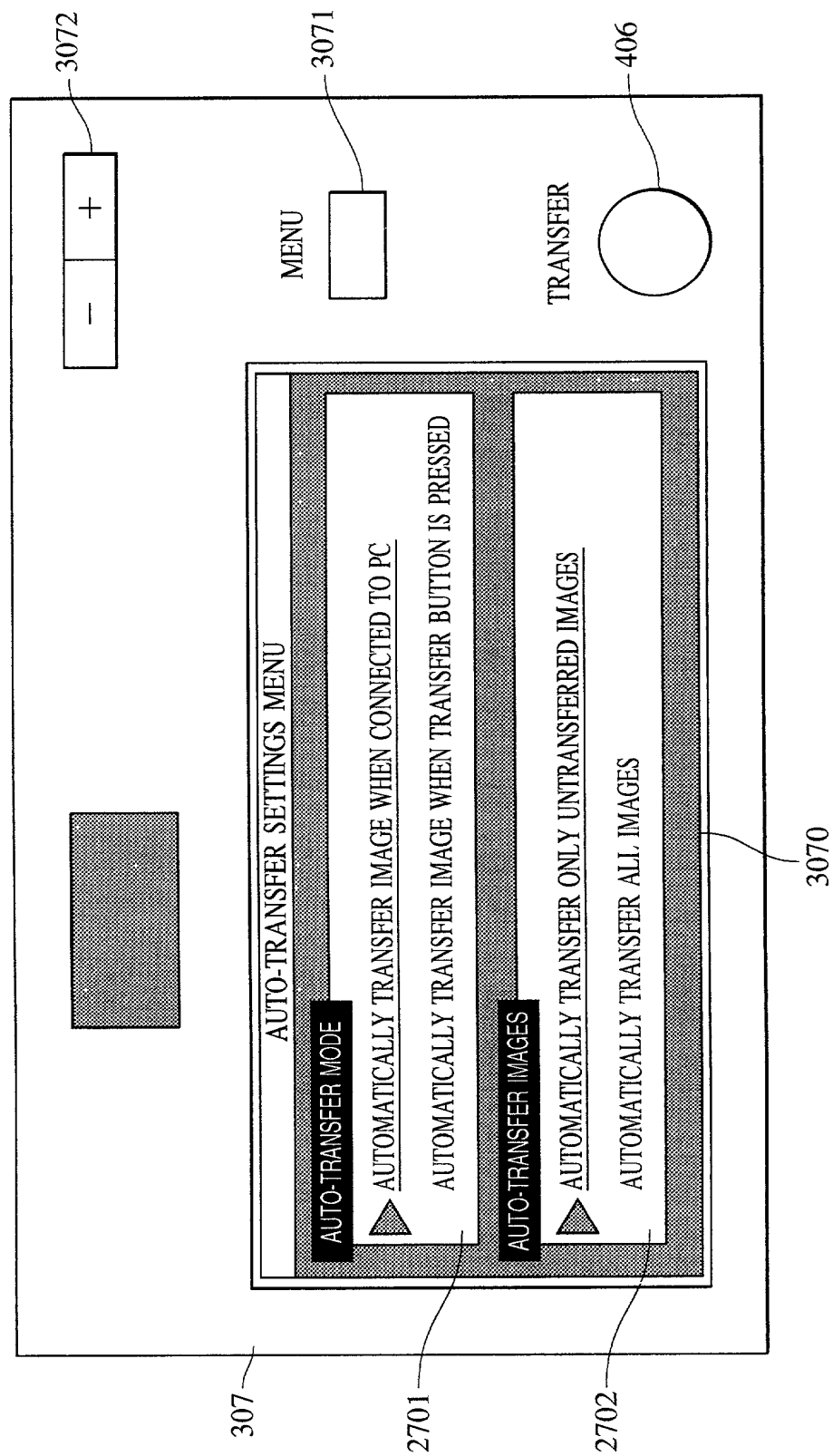


FIG. 19

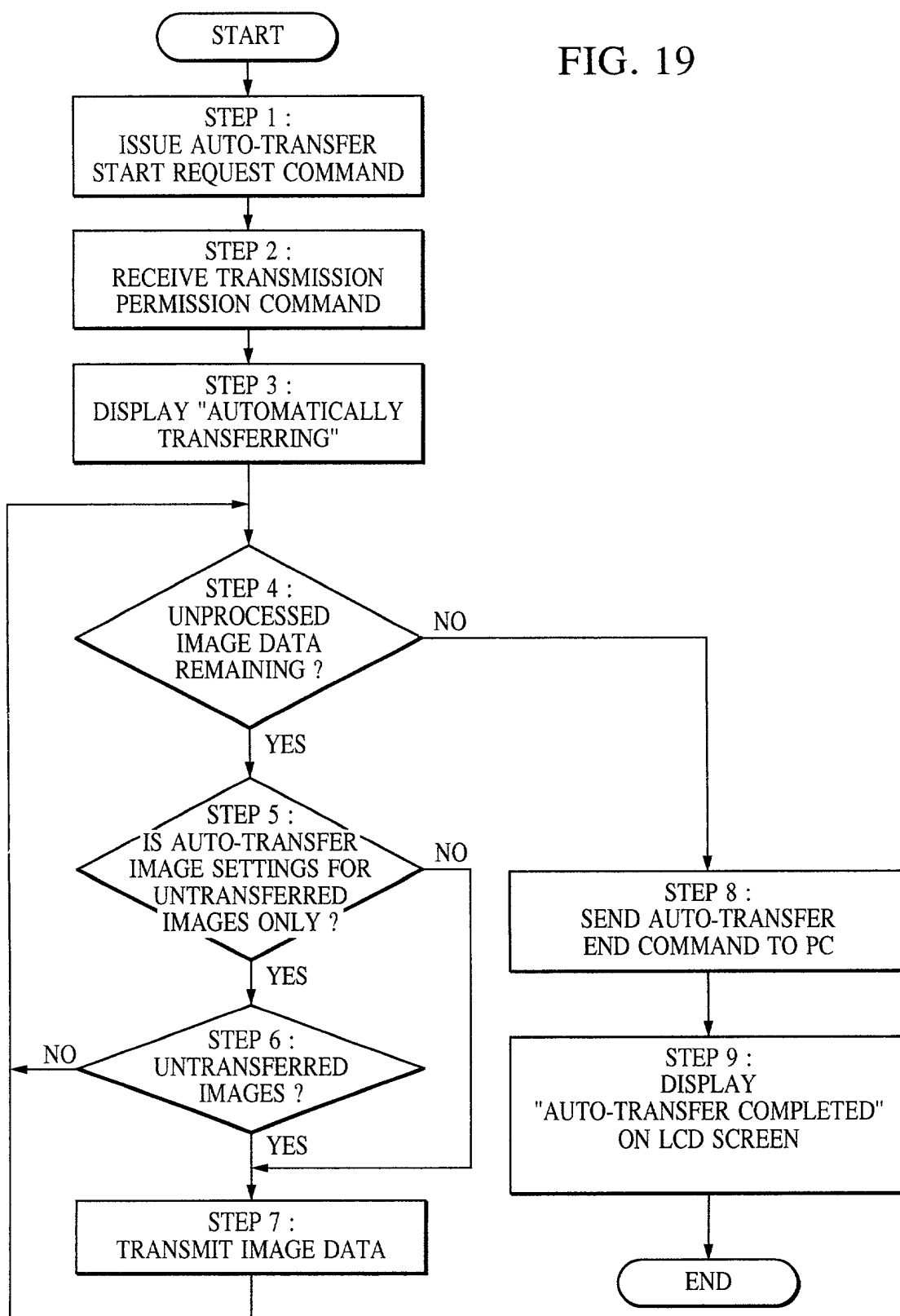


FIG. 20

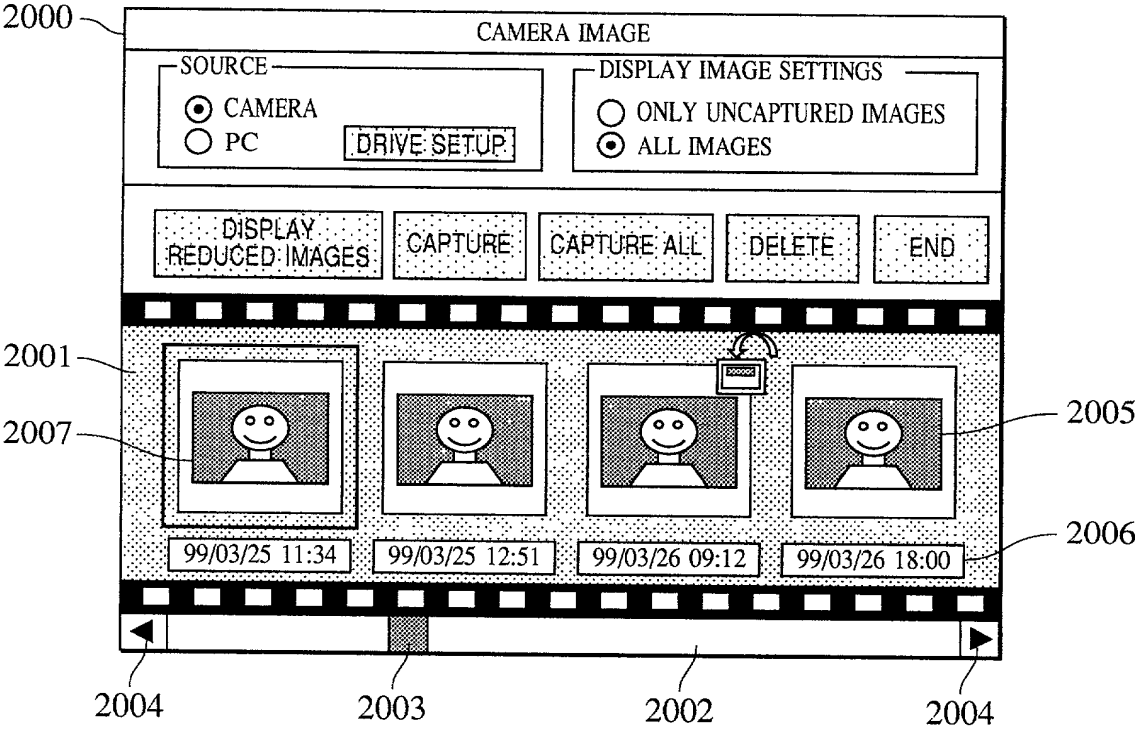
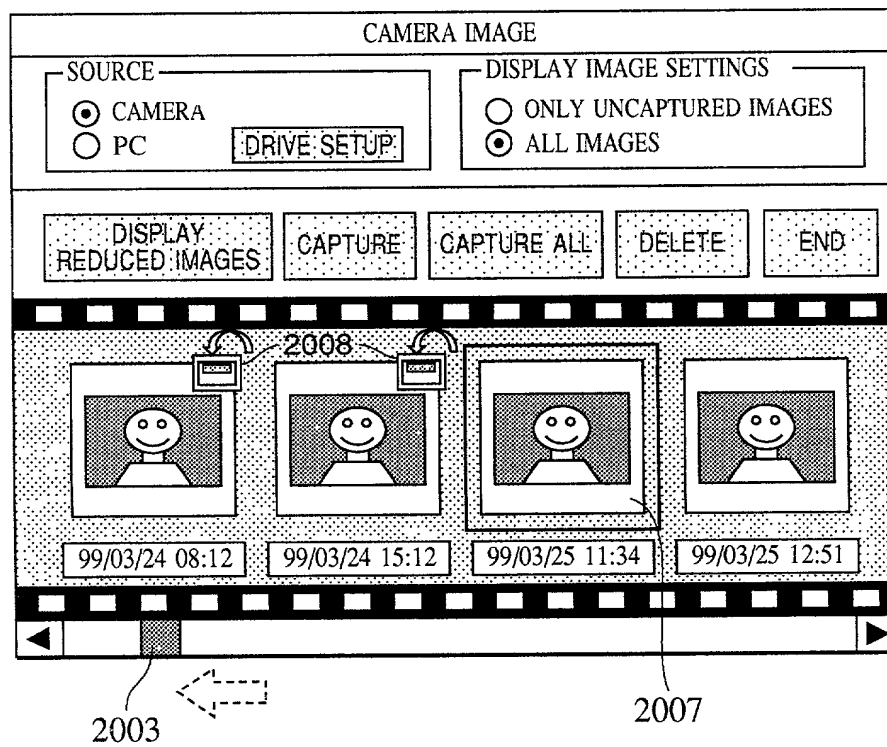


FIG. 21



**COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
FOR PATENT APPLICATION**
(page 1)

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled IMAGE PROCESSING APPARATUS, IMAGE PROCESSING METHOD, AND STORING MEDIUM the specification of which ☒ is attached hereto. ☐ was filed on _____ as United States Application No. or PCT International Application No. _____ and was amended on _____ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR §1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. §119(a)-(d) or §365(b), of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or §365(a) of any PCT international application which designates at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

<u>Country</u>	<u>Application No.</u>	<u>Filed (Day / Mo. / Yr.)</u>	<u>(Yes / No) Priority Claimed</u>
Japan	241366/1999 (Pat.)	27/August/1999	Yes

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §120 of any United States application(s), or §365(c) of any PCT international application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. §1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

<u>Application No.</u>	<u>Filed (Day/Mo./Yr.)</u>	<u>Status (Patented, Pending, Abandoned)</u>

I hereby appoint the practitioners associated with the firm and Customer Number provided below to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, and direct that all correspondence be addressed to the address associated with that Customer Number:

FITZPATRICK, CELLA, HARPER & SCINTO
Customer Number: 05514

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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